

EQUALITY IMPACT ASSESSMENT TOOL

The council has a statutory duty to consider the impact of its decisions on age, disability, gender reassignment, pregnancy & maternity, race, religion or belief, sex (gender) and sexual orientation.

The Council also has a duty to foster good relations between different groups of people and to promote equality of opportunity.

Completing an EIA is the simplest way to demonstrate that the Council has considered the equality impacts of its decisions and it reduces the risk of legal challenge. EIAs should be carried out at the earliest stages of policy development or a service review, and then updated as the policy or review develops. EIAs must be undertaken when it is possible for the findings to inform the final decision. Keep all versions of your EIA. An EIA should be finalised once a final decision is taken.

When you should undertake an EIA:

- You are making changes that will affect front-line services
- You are reducing the budget of a service, which will affect front-line services
- You are changing the way services are funded and this may impact the quality of the service and who can access it
- You are making a decision that could have a different impact on different groups of people
- You are making staff redundant or changing their roles (particularly if it impacts on frontline services).
- EIAs also need to be undertaken on how a policy is implemented even if it has been developed by central government (for example cuts to grant funding).

Who should undertake the EIA:

The person who is making the decision or advising the decision-maker

Guidance and tools for completing EIAs are available on the WIRE:

https://officesharedservice.sharepoint.com/sites/intranet/wcc-comms/Pages/Equality-Impact-Assessments-.aspx

An EIA e-learning module is available for all Westminster staff: www.learningpool.com/westminster/course/view.php?id=159

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It is the responsibility of the service to complete an EIA to the required standard and the quality and completeness of EIAs will be monitored by EMT.

All EIAs for proposed changes to levels of service arising from budget proposals must be completed by <u>2 September 2016</u>.

Title

2.2 Development Planning Transformation

What are you analysing?

- What is the purpose of the policy/project/activity/strategy?
- In what context will it operate?
- Who is it intended to benefit?
- What results are intended?
- Why is it needed?

Development Planning initiated this project in response to an acknowledgement by the service that a comprehensive review of its business processes was required.

Phase 1 of the Project comprised a Feasibility Study, which was completed on schedule in November 2013. The principal findings were that there is much that is good about Development Planning Delivery Unit (DPDU) but that there is considerable scope for improvement, especially in terms of the health of the service's principal asset, its staff, and the maintenance of the quality of service provided to external stakeholders. The key to making progress against these challenging objectives was identified as being the successful re-design of the service's back office business processes. The principal opportunities for realising costs savings were thought to include (but not be limited to):

- Streamline the Validation Process
- New and Improved document / letter templates
- More effective configuration of UNI-form to minimize scope for errors (and therefore avoidance of complaint scenarios)
- Encouragement of customers to "self-serve", thus reducing incoming telephony traffic
- Increased usage of automated input of incoming representations / responses
- Reduction in notification volumes / more customised notification documentation
- Increased dependence upon digital documentation for consultation purposes
- Generally reduced printing volumes

Phase 2 ran from January to April 2014, and delivered a report suggesting that widespread changes should be made. This report was supported by detailed AS IS and TO BE Business Process Models and a costs realisation plan. Key conclusions of this work included:

- Digital case files should be used for all transaction records in favor of the mix of paper and digital records which are currently in use
- A radical re-design of the Validation Process is urgently needed to improve efficiencies
- The structure and organisation of support staff into a single Unit-wide resource pool would provide a more effective and efficient function
- Use of the UNI-form / IDOX DMS / Enterprise solution should be confirmed, with greater emphasis being placed upon the on-going support of this solution, and greater use made of the functionality contained
- Workflow management should be introduced to support the use of digital case files and provide a solid foundation for performance management of the case load
- More effective use should be made of the GIS software which has already been deployed
- And, following achievement of the above, establish a practice of agile working, such that the unit's footprint within City Hall can be reduced in line with corporate aspirations

Improvements in technology, and changes to the way in which other Westminster services and

external stakeholders can, and are prepared to work, offers an opportunity for Development Planning to re-design its own processes. In addition a continued reliance upon existing business processes is no longer a tenable approach, in the face of ever increasing workloads, stakeholder expectations, and reducing resource availability.

If these changes are not implemented within Development Planning, the quality of the service currently provided will not improve and customer satisfaction will continue to diminish. Furthermore, the service will not be able to deliver the savings highlighted for MTP.

The implementation of improved back office business processes, IT systems reconfiguration and officer retraining will introduce consistent working practices, improves customer relationships and reduce costs associated with customers constantly contacting the service for updates on their applications.

Details of the lead person completing the screening/EIA

(i) Full Name: Pat Cassin

(ii) Position: Programme Manager - Development Planning

(iii) Unit: Growth Planning and Housing

(iii) Contact Details: pcassin@westminster.gov.uk

Date sent to Equalities@westminster.gov.uk

Version 3 – 01/09/2016

Version number and date of update

You will need to update your EIA as you move through the decision-making process. Record the version number here and the date you updated the EIA. Keep all versions so you have evidence that you have considered equality throughout the process.

SECTION 1: Initial screening: Do you need to complete an Equality Impact Assessment (EIA)?

Not all proposals will require an EIA, this initial screening will help you decide if your project or policy requires a full EIA by looking at the potential impact on any equality groups.

	None	Positive	Negative	Not sur
Disabled people				
Particular ethnic groups				
Men or women (include impacts due to pregnancy/ maternity)				
People or particular sexual orientation/s				
People who are proposing to undergo, are undergoing or have undergone a process or part of a process of gender reassignment				
People on low incomes				
People in particular age groups				
Groups with particular faiths and beliefs				
Are there any other groups that you think may be affected negatively or positively by this project, policy or proposal?				
If the answer is "negati	ve" or "uncl	ear" consider do	ing a full EIA	
What do you think that the	overall NE	GATIVE impact	on groups and	l
communities will be?				
None/ Minimal			Significant	
None or minimal impact would be	e where	Significant im	pact would be wh	nere there is
there is no negative impact iden		•	dentified that has	
where there will be no change to	o the	imp	act on any group	s.

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1.3	Using the screening information in questions 1.1 and 1.2, should a full EIA be
	carried out on the project, policy or proposal
	Yes No 🖂
1.4	How have you come to this decision?
	This project has been running for the past three years and we have not received any complaints to the changes that have been made to date.
	JALITY IMPACT ASSESSMENT TION 2: BUILDING AN EVIDENCE BASE
2.1	 Build up a picture of who uses/will use your service or facility and identify who are likely to be impacted by the proposal If you do not formally collect data about a particular group then use the results of local surveys or consultations, census data, national trends or anecdotal evidence (indicate where this is the case). Please attempt to complete all boxes. A baseline of data is available here
	How many people use the service currently? What is this as a % of Westminster's population?
	Age

Disability

Gender

Race

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	Religion or belief
	Sexual orientation
2.2	Are there any equality groups that are overrepresented in the monitoring information relative to their size of the population? If so, this could indicate that the proposal may have a disproportionate impact on this group even if it is a universal service. Information about Westminster's population is on the Equalities page on the WIRE.
	If yes, provide details.
2.3	Are there any equality groups that are underrepresented in the monitoring information relative to their size of the population? If so, this could indicate that the service may not be accessible to all groups or there may be some form of direct or indirect discrimination occurring.
	If yes, provide details.

SECTION 3: ASSESSING THE IMPACT

In order to be able to identify ways to mitigate any potential impact it is essential that we know what those potential impacts might be.

3.1	Consultation Information This section should record the consultation activity undertaken in relation to this project, policy or proposal
	It is helpful to identify whether you have conducted any consultations for your proposal, in some cases a statutory consultation is required. If your proposal has not required a consultation, please highlight this here. Consultations will help you identify what the potential impact of your proposal might be.
3.2	What might the potential impact on individuals or groups be? Consider disability, race, gender, sexual orientation, transgender, age, faith or belief and those on low incomes and other excluded individuals or groups
	Using the evidence gathered in section 2 and any consultation activity highlighted in 3.1; explain what the potential impact of your proposal might be on the groups you have identified. You may wish to further supplement the evidence you have gathered in order to properly consider the impact. Please state when no impact has been identified.

SECTION 4: REDUCING & MITIGATING IMPACT

As a result of what you have learned, what can you do to minimise the impact of the proposed changes on equality groups and other excluded / vulnerable groups, as outlined above?

4.1	the im	pact? (Remember to think	an impact, what can be done to reduce or mitigate about the Council as a whole, another service area may already be deal with any negative impact).
	all pote	•	in place to remove or reduce your identified impact(s). Record u have considered all options. Please note if no mitigating
		n A – Issues or barriers, to take into account	Column B – what changes can be made to remove or reduce barriers or negative impacts (Remember to think about the Council as a whole, another service area may already be providing services which can help to deal with any negative impact).
	Enter a	additional rows if require	
4.2		nat you have considere are you taking?	ed the potential or actual effect on equality, what
		 No major change (no impacts identified) Adjust the policy 	Your analysis demonstrates that the policy is robust and the evidence shows no potential for discrimination and you have taken all appropriate steps to advance equality & foster good relations between groups. You will take steps to remove barriers or to better advance
		3. Continue the policy (impacts identified)	equality. You will adopt your proposal, despite any adverse effect provided you are satisfied that it does not unlawfully discriminate and it is justified.
		4. Stop and remove the policy	There are adverse effects that are not justified and cannot be mitigated. The policy is unlawfully discriminating.

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Please document the reasons for your decision

SECTION 5: ACTION PLAN

This section is for actions related any of the 9 protected characteristic: Age, Disability, Gender, Gender reassignment; Pregnancy & maternity, Race, Sexual Orientation or Religion/Belief

5.1	Complete the action plan if you need to reduce or remove the negative impacts you have identified, take steps to foster good relations or fill data
	gaps.

Please include the action required by your team/unit, groups affected, the intended outcome of your action, resources needed, a lead person responsible for undertaking the action (inc. their department and contact details), the completion date for the action, and the relevant RAG rating: R(ed) – action not initiated, A(mber) – action initiated and in progress, G(reen) – action complete.

NB. Add any additional rows, if required.

Action Required	Equality Groups Targeted	Intended outcome	Resources Needed	Name of Lead, Unit & Contact Details	Completion Date (DD/MM/YY)	RAG
Enter additional rows if required						

THIS SECTION TO BE COMPLETED BY THE RELEVANT SERVICE MANAGER

SIGNATURE:

FULL NAME: Patrick Cassin

UNIT: Growth Planning and Housing

EMAIL & TELEPHONE EXT: pcassin@westminster.gov.uk

DATE (DD/MM/YYYY): 02/09/2016

WHAT NEXT?

It is the responsibility of the service to complete an EIA to the required standard and the quality and completeness of EIAs will be monitored by EMT.

All EIAs for proposed changes to levels of service arising from budget proposals must be completed by <u>2 September 2016</u>.

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Title

6.7 Code of Construction Practice

What are you analysing?

- What is the purpose of the policy/project/activity/strategy?
- In what context will it operate?
- Who is it intended to benefit?
- What results are intended?
- Why is it needed?

The purpose of the new Code of Construction Practice is to monitor, control and manage construction impacts on sites throughout Westminster. It will apply to all new basement schemes with immediate effect, and to all other developments from September 2016.

The code sets out the standards and procedures to which developers and contractors must adhere to when undertaking construction of major projects. This will assist with managing the environmental impacts and will identify the main responsibilities and requirements of developers and contractors in constructing their projects.

The code requires the largest strategic schemes ('Level 1') and other major schemes ('Level 2') broadly all new build residential projects over 10 units or other floorspace exceeding 1000m², as well as all basements to sign up to the Code of Construction Practice. This will ensure that sites:

- will be inspected and monitored by the council's Code of Construction Practice Team
- undertake community liaison, informing neighbours about key stages of the development and giving contact details for site personnel
- pay the charges arising from site inspections and monitoring (smaller sites will not pay fees, but are expected to take into account the good practice measures set out in the code)
- ensure that contractors and sub-contractors also comply with the code requirements

Details of the lead person completing the screening/EIA

(i) Full Name: Jonathan Rowing

(ii) Position: Head of Road Management

(iii) Unit: City Management and Communities

(iii) Contact Details: 020 7641 3147, irowing@westminster.gov.uk

Date sent to Equalities@westminster.gov.uk

9 Aug 2016

Version number and date of update

Version 1

You will need to update your EIA as you move through the decision-making process. Record the version number here and the date you updated the EIA. Keep all versions so you have evidence that you have considered equality throughout the process.

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If the answer is "negative	e" or "uncl	ear" consider	doing a full EIA	\
What do you think that the	overall NE	GATIVE impact	on groups and	ı
communities will be?				
None/ Minimal			Significant	
None or minimal impact would be	oe where	Significant im	pact would be wh	nere there
there is no negative impact iden		_	dentified that has	
where there will be no change to		act on any group		
services for any groups.		1	. 5	

1.3	Using the screening information in questions 2.1 and 2.2, should a full EIA be carried out on the project, policy or proposal
	Yes ☐ No ⊠
1.4	How have you come to this decision?
	This activity is the management of building sites which is for the benefit of all residents and road-users. The management of these sites is undertaken uniformly across the City.
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	How many people use the service currently? What is this as a % of Westminster's population?
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	Disability
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	Race
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2.2	information relative to their size of the population? If so, this could indicate that the proposal may have a disproportionate impact on this group even if it is a universal service. Information about Westminster's population is on the Equalities page on the WIRE.
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SECTION 4: REDUCING & MITIGATING IMPACT

As a result of what you have learned, what can you do to minimise the impact of the proposed changes on equality groups and other excluded / vulnerable groups, as outlined above?

4.1	Where you have identified an impact, what can be done to reduce or mitigate the impact? (Remember to think about the Council as a whole, another service area may already be providing services which can help to deal with any negative impact).							
	Consider what actions can be put in place to remove or reduce your identified impact(s). Record all potential actions to show you have considered all options. Please note if no mitigating actions have been identified.							
	Enter additional rows if require		Column B – what changes can be made to remove or reduce barriers or negative impacts (Remember to think about the Council as a whole, another service area may already be providing services which can help to deal with any negative impact).					
4.2	Now that you have considered the potential or actual effect on equality, what							
		 5. No major change (no impacts identified) 6. Adjust the policy 7. Continue the policy (impacts identified) 8. Stop and remove the policy 	Your analysis demonstrates that the policy is robust and the evidence shows no potential for discrimination and you have taken all appropriate steps to advance equality & foster good relations between groups. You will take steps to remove barriers or to better advance equality. You will adopt your proposal, despite any adverse effect provided you are satisfied that it does not unlawfully discriminate and it is justified. There are adverse effects that are not justified and cannot be mitigated. The policy is unlawfully discriminating.					

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Enter additional rows if required						

THIS SECTION TO BE COMPLETED BY THE RELEVANT SERVICE MANAGER				
SIGNATURE:Jonathan Rowing				
FULL NAME:Jonathan Rowing				
UNIT:Public Protection and Licensing				
EMAIL & TELEPHONE EXT:jrowing@westminster.gov.uk, 020 7641 3147				
DATE (DD/MM/YYYY):09/08/16				
FULL NAME:Jonathan Rowing UNIT:Public Protection and Licensing EMAIL & TELEPHONE EXT:jrowing@westminster.gov.uk, 020 7641 3147				

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